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THE GLAGOLITIC ALPHABET - THE FORGOTTEN ALPHABET OF EUROPE

WORKSHOP & OBSCURE TREASURES STAKEHOLDER CHALLENGE







CULTURAL HERITAGE **OF OUR** REGIONS

Triangolo della Sedia -MARCO BORTOLUSSI

Salagassos – NIDA ISIK

GROUP 2

Lednicki –SEWERYN NOWAK

Bytom's Kamienice -OLGA SALBERT

30 JANUARY 2025

SIGNIFICANCE FOR EUROPEAN CULTURAL HERITAGE

POLAND

Ostrów Lednicki

Witness of the beginning of Polish statehood



Image 1. Aerial photograph of the archeological

Image 2. Artistic reconstruction of the settlement, fort and palatial complex

site

Location in IX century Europe



Cultural Importance



Image 3. Baptismal chamber

Image 4. Reconstruction of *palatium* and Prince's Chapel





Image 5. Christening, Jan Matejko, 1889



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POLAND

Bytom's Kamienice

OR WHO'S TO (NOT) TAKE CARE OF CULTURAL HERITAGE





- Kamienica TITLE: DATA: 1897 CREATOR: Albert Bohm - architect; Brothers Gebr. Simon & Leopold Guttmann – Investors A mixed-use residential building TYPE: Industrial Revolution PERIOD: PLACES: Bytom, Podgórna str. 18 (Former known as Ring 8 or Rynek 8) **RIGHTS STATEMENTS:** Private owner Medlum: Brick, Stucco ornamentation, Metalwork
 - - Eclecticism, Historicism
 - IdentIfler: parcel of land nr 316/58

Metadata

Subjects: Architecture, Urban Development,

Description

"The building, constructed in the picturesque historicism style, features a rectangular plan and is a corner structure with five stories (partially four stories) and an attic. At the corner, there is an elevated bay window topped with a turret. The facades are adorned with three gables (one facing the Market Square and two facing Podgórna Street). Two corner gables bear the inscription: "Erb: 1897." The window frames vary depending on the floor. The facades include decorative elements such as Corinthian columns on consoles, anthropomorphic and floral motifs, and artistically shaped metal anchors. The metal entrance gate and staircase railing are embellished with metalwork." Up 1947 the building has been under several minor renovation and reconstruction works. [6]



Description

It's a part of the historic urban layout of Bytom, categorized by the Register of Immovable Monuments, but itself is not recognised as a historical site. [7]

In 2012, the building was described in the registration card as being in poor condition. [4]

Renovation workhas commenced in 2024. The project includes significant updates such as a new roof, restored historical elements, and the replacement of all windows and doors, with plans for commercial spaces to return to the ground floor after completion.





Ownership confusion or neglecting heritage?

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Triangolo della sedia



- XIXth-XXIst century.
- Artisans and family-run businesses specializing in chair construction.
- Industrial district.
- Manzano, San Giovanni al Natisone, Corno di Rosazzo.

¥	REGIONE AUTONOMA FRIMLI VENEZIA GIUDA	
DiRez	ione centrale a	attività produttive
Servizo politiche economiche e marketing territoriale		politiche.eccounite@regione.hgit

DISTRETTI INDUSTRIALI E ARTIGIANALI



Why so important?

It has been important for various periods with highs and lows:

- late XIXth and early XXth century.
- Fascism
- "Italian economic miracle" (late 1950s – oil shock 1973).
- During the 90s.





RUSSIA

European Route of Industrial Heritage



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Sagalassos

ANCIENT CITY

One of the best preserved sites in Turkey (Aglasun, Burdur province)

Anatolia is where 'Neolithic revolution' spread into Europe (Marc Waelkens)

dates back to the Middle Palaeolithic (800 BCE)





Greco-Roman History of Europe

Sustainability

Interdisciplinary Research in Archeology

Societal Change



A Bio-Archae

an image Processing', which and it possible it D. Kaniewski as our new palynologist and anthrac after the departure of M. Vermoere and also includ VISICS group of ESAT at the K.U.Leuven, direc L. Van Gool with its expertise in improving image developing 3-D models of structures. In 2005 ou of archaeologists (now also including our colleage Willems working in Egypt, K.Van Lerberghe work Syria and prehistorian Ph.Van Peer working in a.o. Sudan...) and scientists from the above mentioned ge bioarchaeological sciences was recognized as a 'ce excellence' by the K.U.Leuven under the name of for Archaeological Sciences'. It absorbed the previo tre (with D. Kaniewski) and allowed us to attract researchers, such as F.X. Ricaut (physical anthrop J. Schneider (isotopic analysis), E. Marinova (macrol and anthracologist) and J. Bakker (palynologist). other hand, some of our own agalassos VI : Geo- and Biosuch as V. Linseele (arc Archaeology at Sagalassos and (GIS expertise and rem staff members of the sam

Its Territory

by Patrick Degryse, and Marc Waelkens PUBLISHER Leuven University Press DATE 2009-01-15

More..

DIGITALIZATION AND DOCUMENTATION OF SAGALASSOS

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ngy is concerned, how we



The site has been reconstructed by combining 3D models of the landscape and remains with CAD reconstructions of monuments based on archaeological hypothesis. The 3D models were obtained using advanced image-based modelling techniques developed over the last few years in computer vision.

A Guided Tour to Virtual Sagalassos

Marc Pollefeys

Luc Van Gool

Ive Akkermans

Dirk De Becker

Center for Processing of Speech and Images Dept. of Electrical Engineering K.U.Leuven



Abstract

The system presented in this paper allows to take a guided tour to a virtual reconstruction of the ancient site of Sagalassos. The site has been reconstructed by combining 3D models of the landscape and remains with CAD reconstructions of monuments based on archaeological hypothesis. The 3D models were obtained using advanced image-based modelling techniques developed over the last few years in computer vision. The visitor can communicate with the virtual guide through natural speech. The guide itself is represented by a 3D face model.

Keywords: Virtual Tour Guides, Large scale terrain modelling, Site reconstruction, Speech recognition.

Introduction

In this area virtual reality is a technology that offers promising perspectives for archaeologists. Having a virtual reconstruction of the site, reduces the need for physical reconstructions. In addition, new insights can be gained by immersion in ancient worlds, unaccesible sites can be made available to a global public, courses can be given in situ and different periods or building phases can coexist. One of the important limitations up to now was the high cost and the required expertise to reconstruct virtual models of a complete site. Nowadays 3D modelling tools allow to recreate monuments based on archaeological hypothesis [7]. Capturing the detailed geometry and appearance of the remains that are still standing is, however, much harder. Tools such as PhotoModeler [9] and Facade [2] allow to easily generate simple models of reality, but are not suited for generating objects with complex geometry or that require high levels of detail, like large archaeological sites. For modelling the remains of Sagalassos, advanced automatic 3D modelling tools were

Kris Demuynck





In 1706, Paul Lucas, traveling in southwest Turkey on a mission for the court of Louis XIV, came upon the mountaintop ruins of Sagalassos. The first Westerner to see the site, Lucas wrote that he seemed to be confronted with remains of several cities inhabited by fairies Later, during the mid-nineteenth century, William Hamilton described it as the best preserved ancient city he had ever seen. Toward the end of that century, Sagalassos and its theater became famous among students of classical antiquity. Yet large scale excavations along the vest coast at sites like Ephesos and Pergamon, attracted all the attention. Gradually Sagalassos was forgotten...until a British-Belgian team led by Stephen Mitchell started surveying the site in 1985.

Since 1990, Sagalassos has become a large-scale, interdisciplinary excavation of the Catholic University of Leuven, directed by Marc Waelkens. We are now exposing the monumental city center and have completed, or nearly completed, four major restoration projects there Ve've also undertaken an intensive urban and geophysical survey, excavations in the domestic and industrial areas, and an intensive survey of its vast territory. Whereas the former document a thousand years of occupation, from Alexander the Great to the seventh century, he latter has established the changing settlement patterns, the vegetation history and farming practices, the landscape formation and climatic changes during the last 10,000 years.

ield Notes 2003-2010

estigation of Sagalassos and the surrounding countryside

The Antonine Dynastic Gallery at Sagalassos

A head of the emperor Marcus Aurelius has been found at the Roman Baths

Colossal Head of Roman Empress Unearthed

We have uncovered a portrait head of the Roman empress Faustina, wife of the emperor Antoninus Pius (r. A.D. 138-161).

ladrian Hits the Road Again

head of Hadrian found in 2007 (see "Major Find at Sagalassos") was the centerpiece of an exhibition at the British Museum in London

When considering how we do archaeology, the way we organise research cycles is typical. As this volume further testifies, performing fieldwork is an important part of our identity. In that respect, we carry out activities which are mainstream in the discipline of archaeology, whilst, obviously, following and at times exploring new methods or practices. Our data generation activities are related to various types of excavations (including exposing spaces of past buildings or parts of ancient structures, open area excavations, gridded digs, test trenches, control excavations), architectural and urban studies (including architectural decoration, geophysical analysis, urban survey, architectural, engineering, technical and building materials analysis), studies of material culture (applying archaeological and archaeometrical methods and techniques) and ecofacts (including archaeozoology, archaeobotany, anthracology), and archaeological surveying (a range of intensive and extensive methods, geophysical analysis and remote sensing techniques). Back in the day, the project started out as a 100% analogue operation and has now become a nearly 100% digital venture. As with most archaeological projects we have experienced this transition of strategic importance for the sustainability of our operations, but this does not mean to say that matters were/are always easy. The integration into the domain of digital humanities offers opportunities, for example, but needs careful deliberation on how all partners involved can truly collaborate in order to make the sum greater than its parts. Recently, the project has been building its identity in digital archaeology by exploring the potential of agent-based and other modelling approaches for deeper data integration and interdisciplinary collaboration, and also the application of controlled vocabularies and linked data systems.25

and location of the site in Turkey, plus visit Sagalassos with our interactive map with links to 360°

f Profiles

archaeologists and other scientists working at Sagalassos.

y Life 2003-2008 ngs in and around camp

Visit www.sagalassos.be for more on Sagalassos.

Want to dig? Check the AIA's Annual Fieldwork Opportunities Bulletin for ongoing excavations worldwide

City in the Clouds









Sagalassos Complete Site, Turkey 3D Model

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Thank You

